



THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

TOTAL METALESTAL SET SERVICE SERVICES SERVICES SERVICES

MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

AD-A142 687

CONNECTICUT WESTERN COASTAL AREA
GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

ROCKWOOD LAKE DAM CT 00046

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM





DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

SEPTEMBER 1978

This is for positive and a supplied distribution is unlimited.

FILE COPY

84 07 02 042

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Date Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION	PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER		3	RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
ст 00046	41-A142 68	17	
4 TITLE (and Subilite)		5.	TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED
Conn. Western Coastal Area Greenwich, Conn., Rockwood Lake Dam			INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL PROGRAM FOR INSPECTION OF DAMS		6	PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
7. AUTHOR(a)		8.	CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(a)
U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS NEW ENGLAND DIVISION			
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS		10.	PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS		12.	REPORT DATE
DEPT. OF THE ARMY, CORPS OF ENGINEE	RS	<u> </u>	Sept. 1978
NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, NEDED		13.	NUMBER OF PAGES
424 TRAPELO ROAD, WALTHAM, MA. 0225		18	. 60 SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
The modification restrict white a reputability siller at			
		1	UNCLASSIFIED
		18.	DECLASSIFICATION DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE

16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)

APPROVAL FOR PUBLIC RELEASE: DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Black 20, If different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

Cover program reads: Phase I Inspection Report, National Dam Inspection Program; however, the official title of the program is: National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams; use cover date for date of report.

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY,

Conn. Western Coastal Area

Greenwich, Conn.

Rockwood Lake Dam

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Rockwood Lake Dam is an earth embankment reproted to have a concrete core wall, built in 1893. The dam section is 1,200 ft. long with a maximum height of 36 ft. The top of the dam is 12 ft. wide. The downstream side slopes of the earth embankment vary from 1 ½ horizontal to 1 vertical up to 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. The upstream slope above the water line is about 2 horizontal to 1 vertical. Riprap is in place on the upstream face. A concrete spillway with a riprapped apron is 80 ft. long, with 2-ft. wide crest, is located approx. in the center of the dam.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS 424 TRAPELO ROAD

WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS 02154

REPLY TO ATTENTION UF

NEDED

Honorable Ella T. Grasso Governor of the State of Connecticut State Capitol Hartford, Connecticut 06115

1.07

Dear Governor Grasso:

I am forwarding to you a copy of the Rockwood Lake Dam Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Protection, the cooperating agency for the State of Connecticut. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, the Connecticut-American Waterworks Company, Inc., Greenwich District, 125 Putnam Avenue, Greenwich, Connecticut 06830, ATTN: Mr. Joseph Yates, Manager. Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Protection for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Sincerely yours,

Incl As stated JOHN P. CHANDLER

Colonel, Corps of Engineers

Division Engineer

ROCKWOOD LAKE DAM

CT 00046

CONNECTICUT WESTERN COASTAL AREA GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

PHASE I REPORT

NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: ROCKWOOD LAKE DAM

State Located: Connecticut

County Located: Fairfield County

Stream: Rockwood Lake Brook

Date of Inspection: 27 JULY 1978

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Rockwood Lake Dam is an earth embankment reported to have a concrete core wall, built in 1893. The dam section is 1,200 feet long with a maximum height of 36 feet. The top of the dam is 12 feet wide. The downstream side slopes of the earth embankment vary from 1 1/2 horizontal to 1 vertical up to 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. The upstream slope above the water line is about 2 horizontal to 1 vertical. Riprap is in place on the upstream face. A concrete spillway with a riprapped apron is 80 feet long, with 2-foot wide crest, is located approximately in the center of the dam.

The visual inspection indicates that the Rockwood Lake Dam is in poor condition. The major concerns regarding the long-term safety of the dam with respect to soils and geology are the apparent seepage areas on the downstream face of the dam along the toe and particularly in the vicinity of Station 4+25 and 8+25.

The maximum spillway capacity at the top of dam is approximately equal to the discharge rate of the test flood. Therefore, the test flood can be passed by the spillway with minimum overtopping estimated to be 0.1 feet.

It is recommended that the owner should retain the services of a suitable engineering firm to investigate the apparent seepage on the downstream face and along the toe of the dam

and to determine what type of seepage control measures are required. The owner should cut the brush on the downstream slope and brush and trees for a distance of 50 feet downstream of the dam. A program for weekly monitoring of the seeps observed on the downstream face, along the toe and downstream of the dam, should be implemented.

The owner should take such action as is necessary to prevent trespassing by foot and horse traffic on the crest, slopes, and abutments of the dam. Animal burrows should be backfilled on both the upstream and downstream slopes on a regular basis.

It is recommended that a definite plan for around-the-clock surveillance be implemented during periods of unusually heavy rains and a formal warning system be developed for use in the event of an emergency.

Recommendations and remedial measures described should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.

S/ Giavara, P.E.

#rincipal

Registered, CT 7634

This Phase I Inspection Report on Rockwood Lake Dam has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

CHARLES G. TIERSCH, Chairman Chief, Foundation and Materials Branch **Engineering Division**

FRED J. RAVENS, Jr., Member Chief, Design Branch

Engineering Division

SAUL COOPER, Member Chief, Water Control Branch

Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOMMENDED:

JOE B. FRYAR

Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reaonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aid in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page
Letter of Transmittal	
Brief Assessment	
Review Board Page	
Preface	i
Table of Contents	ii - iv
Overview Photo	v
Location Map	vi
1. PROJECT INFORMATION	
1.1 General	· · 1
a. Authorityb. Purpose of Inspection	1
1.2 Description of Project	1
 a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances b. Location c. Size Classification d. Hazard Classification e. Ownership f. Purpose of Dam g. Design and Construction History h. Normal Operational Procedure 	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1.3 Pertinent Data	2
2. ENGINEERING DATA	
2.1 Design	5
2.2 Construction	5
2.3 Operation	5
2.4 Evaluation	5

Sec	tion		Page
3.	VISU	AL INSPECTION	
	3.1	Findings	6
		 a. General b. Dam c. Appurtenant Structures d. Reservoir Area e. Downstream Channel 	6 7 7 7
	3.2	Evaluation	7
4.	OPER	ATIONAL PROCEDURES	
	4.1	Procedures	9
	4.2	Maintenance of Dam	9
	4.3	Maintenance of Operating Facilities	9
	4.4	Description of any Warning System in Effect	9
	4.5	Evaluation	9
5.	HYDF	PAULIC/HYDROLOGIC	
	5.1	Evaluation of Features	10
		 a. Design Data b. Experience Data c. Visual Observation d. Overtopping Potential 	10 11 11 11
6.	STRU	CTURAL STABILITY	
	6.1	Evaluation of Structural Stability	12
		 a. Visual Observation b. Design and Construction Data c. Operating Records d. Post-Construction Changes e. Seismic Stability 	12 12 12 12 12

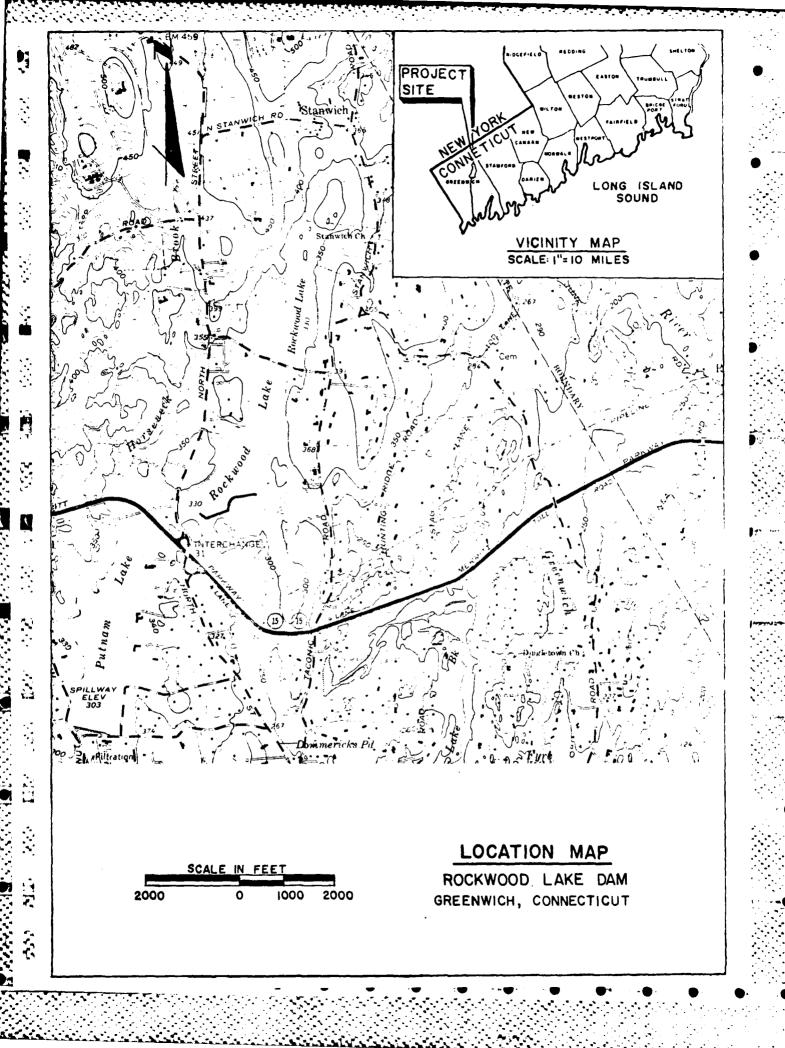
Sec	tion		Page
7.	ASSE	SSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES	
	7.1	Dam Assessment	13
		 a. Condition b. Adequacy of Information c. Urgency d. Need for Additional Investigation 	13 13 13 13
	7.2	Recommendations	13
	7.3	Remedial Measures	14
		a. Alternativesb. Operation and Maintenance and Procedures	14

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix	Description
A	Visual Inspection - Check List
В	Engineering Data
С	Photographs
D	Hydrologic Computations
E	Information - National Inventory



ROCKWOOD LAKE DAM



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT ROCKWOOD LAKE DAM CT 00046

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL:

a. Authority. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection through the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Flaherty Giavara Associates, P.C. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Connecticut. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to Flaherty Giavara Associates, P.C. under a letter of 25 April 1978 from Ralph T. Garver, Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-78-C-0309 has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose.

- 1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-federal interests.
- 2) Encourage and assist the States to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-federal dams.
- 3) To update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT:

a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. Earth embankment with concrete core wall, built 1893. The dam section is 1,200 feet long with a maximum height of 36 feet. The top of the dam is 12 feet wide. The downstream side slopes of the earth embankment vary from 1 1/2 horizontal to 1 vertical up to 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. The upstream slope above the water line is about 2 horizontal to 1 vertical. Riprap is in place on the upstream face. The concrete spillway with a riprapped apron is 80 feet long, with 2-foot wide crest.

- b. Location. The dam is located approximately 5 miles north of the Town of Greenwich business district within the Connecticut western coastal area. The Merritt Parkway is just downstream of the dam.
- c. Size Classification. The applicable guideline indicates that for an intermediate category the storage in acrefect for the impoundment must be greater than or equal to 1,000 and less than 50,000. The size of classification may be determined by either storage or height, whichever gives the larger size category. Based on the storage capacity of the dam, the size classification is intermediate. The top of dam storage for Rockwood Lake Dam is 1,534 acre-feet.
- d. Hazard Classification. The dam is classified as having a high hazard potential. This classification is based on the 10 or more houses situated along the valley which would be affected by a dam failure flood wave. It should be noted, however, overland flow from Rockwood Lake must either overtop or breach the Merritt Parkway embankment before reaching the highly populated area.
- e. Ownership. Rockwood Lake Dam is owned by the Connecticut-American Waterworks Company, Inc. Greenwich District.
- f. Purpose of Dam. The dam was constructed to form a supplemental impounding reservoir for Putnam Lake. The reservoir forms part of the water company's supply and distribution system, providing potable water to the residents of Greenwich. Rockwood Lake has virtually no watershed, getting most of its water from Mianus Reservoir by pumping. Two 12-inch diameter pipes and one 20-inch diameter pipe connect Rockwood Lake to Putnam Reservoir.
- g. Design and Construction History. The dam was originally built in 1883. The designers of the original dam is unknown. Construction plans and history is unknown.
- h. Normal Operating Procedures. Water used to supplement Putnam Reservoir is taken through the 20-inch pipe otherwise it spills over the concrete spillway feeding Rockwood Lake Brook.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA:

a. Drainage Area -

0.8 sq. miles

b.	Discharge at Dam Site - Maximum Known Flood Warm Water Outlet Div. Tunnel Low Pool Outlet Diversion Tunnel Outlet Gated Spillway Ungated Spillway at Max. Pool Total Spillway Cap. at Max. Pool	Unknown Not Available Not Applicable Not Applicable None 700 CFS @ 1 Ft. freeboard 1,310 CFS @ no freeboard
c.	Elevation (above M.S.L.) - Top of Dam Max. Design Pool Full Flood Control Pool Recreation Pool Spillway Crest Ungated Upstream Portal Invert. Div. Tunnel Downstream Portal Invert. Div. Tunnel Streambed at Centerline of Dam Maximum Tailwater	330 Not Available Not Available Not Available 327 Not Applicable Not Applicable 320+ Unknown
d.	Reservoir - Length of Max. Pool Length of Recreation Pool Length of Flood Control Pool	6,500 Not Applicable Not Applicable
е.	Storage - Recreation Pool Flood Control Pool Design Surcharge Top of Dam	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable 1,534 Acre-Feet
f.	Reservoir Surface (acres) - Top of Dam Max. Pool Flood Control Pool Recreation Pool Spillway Crest	Not Available Not Available Not Applicable Not Applicable 110
g.	<pre>Dam - Type: Earth embankment, concre Length: 1,200 feet</pre>	te core

Height: 36 feet

12 feet

Top width: Side slopes: Downstream: Between 1 vertical to 1-1/2 horizontal and 1 vertical to 3 horizontal

Upstream: 1 vertical to 2 horizontal

Zoning: Concrete core, Rolled earth shell

Impervious Core: Concrete core Grout Curtain: Unknown

h. Diversion and Regulating Tunnel Type: Not Applicable
Length: Not Applicable
Diameter: Not Applicable
Access: Not Applicable
Regulation: Not Applicable

i. Spillway -

Type: Ogee
Length of Weir: 80 feet
Crest Elevation: 327

Gates: Ungated
Upstream Channel: Reservoir
Downstream Channel: Swampy
Spillway is founded on: Unknown

j. Regulating Outlets -

Gates: None

Conduits: 20" diameter pipe, material unknown.

Used to supplement Putnam Lake supply.

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN:

No engineering data has been found to provide any information about the design of Rockwood Lake Dam.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION:

No information relative to the construction of the dam is available. It was reported that the dam has a concrete core wall, but no drawings were located to substantiate this information. Information presented in this report was primarily obtained by interviews and direct measurements of the existing structures.

2.3 OPERATION:

Formal operation records are not available for this dam.

2.4 EVALUATION:

- a. Availability. Only minimal engineering information is available for this dam.
- b. Adequacy. The adequacy of design, construction and operation cannot be evaluated.
- c. Validity. There is no reason to question the validity of the available data.

3.1 FINDINGS:

General. The dam is an earthen embankment. downstream slope was grassed and water was noted seeping out of the slope about 39 feet down from the crest, approximately 150 feet west of the spillway. Apparent seepage was also observed along most of the downstream toe. Several animal holes were noted on the downstream slope. An erosion path across the top of dam has been formed due to traffic. has also occurred just west of the spillway on the top of dam. No lateral movement was observed. The horizontal and vertical alignment of the embankment was good. The riprap is in poor condition along the entire upstream face. The concrete spillway section is in good condition, however, the top of the spillway has a considerable amount of exposed aggregate. stone-masonry training walls are generally in fair condition; with some loss of mortar observed.

b. Dam.

- 1) Upstream Slope The upstream slope is partially covered with riprap in some place to within 2 feet of the crest. In other locations the riprap is missing. The upstream slope is generally covered with grass and small brush.
- 2) <u>Crest</u> The crest of the dam is covered with grass, and there is a foot-path worn bare along its entire length.
- Downstream Slope The downstream slope is covered with brush and grass with a considerable amount of moistureloving vegetation growing along most of the toe of the slope together with numerous small and large trees. A small 8-inch diameter, 2-foot deep test pit was excavated approximately 10 feet down the slope near Station 2+0. The soil exposed was a slightly gravelly silty coarse to fine sand. No water or seepage was observed at the test pit. At approximately Station 2+25, a circular stone and concrete foundation was located near the toe of the downstream slope which contained the blow off valve. Water was pounded just downstream of the masonry structure at elevation 295.5 with no apparent evidence of flow. approximately Station 4+25, there is an area of seepage approximately 40 feet down the slope from the crest, the upper limit of which was about 15 feet below the level of water in the reservoir at the time of the inspection. The ground was noticeably wet and slightly spongy at this location during the inspection. Some water is flowing from this area, however it is

clear with no visual evidence of turbidity. The majority of the seepage appears to be originating underneath a stump of a 2-foot diameter tree which was reported to have been cut last spring. The wet spot apparently encompasses an area approximately 20 feet long by 10 feet wide on the slope.

At approximately Station 8+25, there is an area of visible seepage at the toe of the slope. The water has an orange discoloration, but there is no visual evidence of turbidity.

One combination foot and horse path has been worn bare between the toe and crest of the downstream slope near Station 10+75.

- c. Appurtenant Structures. The gate house was destroyed in a fire several years ago. A stone foundation remains near the toe of slope at Station 2+25. The well of the foundation is full of debris and the control valve could not be located. The 18-inch diameter blow off pipe was uncovered just south of the gate house in a wet area. Three other outlet pipes consisting of one 20-inch diameter and two 12-inch pipes leave the reservoir towards the west into a gate house, a 20-inch diameter pipe transports flow for about 500 feet emptying into Putnam Lake. Valving for these pipes were not located.
- d. Reservoir Area. The reservoir has well vegetated banks at slight to moderate slopes. There was no indication of slides or sloughing. The depth of sediment and rate of accumulation in the reservoir are unknown.
- e. Downstream Channel. The spillway channel is about 85 feet wide, very poorly defined. A stone riprap apron in good condition protects the spillway from erosion and forms the first 20-foot section of the channel. Flow disperses overland into a heavily wooded wet area. Because the downstream channel is poorly defined, water can flow laterally along the toe of dam.

3.2 EVALUATION:

A bare path along the crest of the dam, another bare path from the crest to the toe of the downstream slope and a sparsely vegetated area at the contacts between the dam and the spill-way structure have resulted from foot and horse traffic. There is also an extensive growth of bushes and trees on the downstream slope and evidence (in the form of moisture-loving vegetation) that seepage may be discharging along many locations at or near the toe of the downstream slope. Several areas of visible seepage were located at or near the toe of the downstream slope of the earth embankment. These conditions can

lead to future problems if not remedied. Unless the 18-inch blow off valve is located, there is no convenient method of lowering the water level of the reservoir. During high discharge flow conditions, water can move laterally along the toe of the downstream slope and possibly lead to problems.

SECTION 4 - OPERATION PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES:

Rockwood Lake is used to supplement Putnam Reservoir. There is virtually no watershed. Rockwood Lake's water level is maintained by pumping from the Mianus Reservoir. Water is withdrawn through one 20-inch diameter and two 12-inch diameter pipes under North Street and then in a 20-inch diameter pipe about 500 feet to Putnam Reservoir.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM:

The dam does not appear to be well maintained and should receive additional attention. The grass slopes should be properly maintained and the toe should be free of trees and brush.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES:

The regulating gates and valves could not be located.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF ANY WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT:

There was no warning system of any kind in effect at the time of the inspection. The Connecticut-American Waterworks Company is currently developing procedures which will provide for surveillance during peak flow conditions and a warning system.

4.5 EVALUATION:

The Rockwood Lake Dam which is over 85 years old needs maintenance as described in detail in Section 7 of this report. Although not designed for rapid drawdown, it should be noted that if the need should arise, drawdown could be effected only through the operational procedure of opening the 18-inch blow off. Therefore, this valve should be located and periodically exercised to insure proper functioning.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULICS/HYDROLOGY

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES:

a. Design Data. There is no available information on the hydraulic design criteria for this dam and appurtenances. Under established criteria (OCE Guidelines) the recommended spillway design flood for the size (intermediate) and hazard potential (high) classification is the probable maximum flood (PMF). The PMF is the flood that may be expected from the most severe combination of critical meteorologic and hydrologic conditions that are reasonably possible in the region.

An estimate of the magnitude of the test flood at the site is based on an analysis of regional flood frequency data and empirical methods, as presented in Appendix D.

As a conservative approach to the investigation, the more critical test flood hydrograph was used throughout. The peak inflow rate of 1,600 CFS was used.

A stage-discharge relationship was calculated for the spillway and indicates the following flows, based upon a coefficient of 3.0 and a length of 84 feet.

Stage - Discharge Relationship

Stage	Head, Ft.	Discharge Rate, CFS
327	0	0
328	1	250
329	2	710
330	3	1,310

The maximum spillway capacity, with no freeboard, is less than the peak discharge rate of the test flood. (Compare 1,310 CFS with 1,375 CFS.) In order to determine the effect of the reservoir storage capacity, a hydrograph of the test flood was routed through the reservoir.

The hydrograph was formed by assuming the test flood had a duration of 24 hours, with the peak of 1,600 CFS occurring at 8 hours from the beginning of runoff. The rising and falling limbs of the hydrograph was assumed to be changing at a constant rate, forming a triangle. The routing operation indicated that the peak rate of discharge would be reduced to 1,375 CFS, resulting in a stage elevation of 330.1 feet.

- b. Experience Data. Discussion with water company personnel indicates that in their experience (20 years) the dam has not been overtopped.
- c. <u>Visual Observations</u>. The on-site inspection of the dam provided the data for the hydraulic evaluation of the spillway.
- d. Overtopping Potential. The maximum spillway capacity is equal to more than one-half of the test flood. However, the peak rate of discharge from the test flood will just overtop the embankment (0.1 feet).

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY:

a. <u>Visual Observations</u>. Several items that detrimentally effect long-term stability were noted:

Seepage areas were located on the downstream slope at Station 4+25 and near the toe at Station 8+25. Moisture-loving vegetation exists along most of the toe of the slope and the ground was wet and spongy where this grass was growing at the time of the inspection. One footpath (or possibly horsepath) has been worn bare between the toe and the crest of the downstream slope in the vicinity of Station 10+75. Immediately downstream of the dam the ground is wet and spongy.

Numerous small 3 to 4-inch diameter animal holes were seen on the downstream face. One large 5 feet by 5 feet by 3 feet deep hole, which was filled with brush and trees, was located at the toe of the embankment in the vicinity of Station 10+75.

Riprap protection is absent along several areas of the upstream face of the embankment.

- b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u>. No information is available regarding the design and construction of this dam.
- c. Operating Records. No major operational problems were reported, not withstanding several tropical storms and hurricanes. The dam has subjected to a full head of water during most of the project life. No other information is available insofar as it is pertinent to the embankment or foundations.
- d. <u>Post-Construction Changes</u>. Records indicate that the dam was built in 1893, raised 4 feet in 1906 and 1 foot in 1922.
- e. Seismic Stability. This dam is in Seismic Zone l and, in accordance with recommended Phase I guidelines, does not warrant seismic analysis.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT:

- a. <u>Condition</u>. The visual inspection indicates that the Rockwood Lake Dam is in poor condition. The major concerns regarding the long-term safety of the dam with respect to soils and geology are:
- 1) The apparent seepage areas on the downstream face of the dam along the toe and particularly in the vicinity of Station 4+25 and 8+25.
- 2) Existence of deep hole in the vicinity of the toe near Station 10+75.

The test flood peak discharge is estimated to be 1,460 CFS. The elevation discharge relations indicate that this flow will just overtop the dam by 0.1 feet.

- b. Adequacy of Information. The information available is such that the assessment of the safety of the dam must be based on the visual inspection and field measurements.
- c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations and remedial measures should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Report.
- d. Need for Additional Investigations. Additional investigations to further assess the apparent seepage and determine suitable seepage control measures are necessary.

7.2 RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is recommended that the following measures be undertaken by the owner:

- a. The owner should retain the services of a suitable engineering firm to investigate the apparent seepage on the downstream face and along the toe of the dam and to determine what type of seepage control measures are required.
- b. The origin of the large hole at the toe of the slope in the vicinity of Station 10+75 should be investigated and properly backfilled to minimize future problems.
- c. The spalling of spillway crest should be repaired and the stone-masonry training walls should be repointed.

7.3 REMEDIAL MEASURES:

It is important that the following items be accomplished:

- a. Alternatives. Not Applicable.
- b. Operation and Maintenance and Procedures.
- 1) The owner should cut the brush on the downstream slope and brush and trees for a distance of 50 feet downstream of the dam. A competent engineer should be engaged to supervise the removal of the tree roots and replacement with proper backfill.
- 2) The riprap on the upstream face should be repaired and carried up to the crest of the dam.
- 3) Spillway channel should be improved to ensure that lateral movement of water along the toe of slope is controlled.
- 4) Erosion adjacent to the spillway channel should be repaired.
- 5) A program for weekly monitoring of the seeps observed on the downstream face, along the toe and downstream of the dam, should be implemented. Monitoring should be visual to evaluate the turbidity of the water and also photographic evidence that would provide a record to suggest whether there are substantial changes in the volume or in the size of the wet areas from one inspection to another. Presence of suspended solids in the water or substantial changes in flow not related to changes in reservoir level should be considered as indications of a critical condition.
- 6) The owner should properly maintain the vegetation on the downstream slope of the dam by periodic mowing.
- 7) The owner should take such action as is necessary to prevent trespassing by foot and horse traffic on the crest, slopes, and abutments of the dam.
- 8) The toe and an area 50 feet downstream of the toe should be maintained free of trees and brush.
- 9) Animal burrows should be backfilled on both the upstream and downstream slopes on a regular basis.
- 10) Arrangements should be made to locate, operate, and maintain the 18-inch blow off.
- 11) The owner should develop a formal warning system. An operational procedure to follow in the event of an emergency should also be adopted.

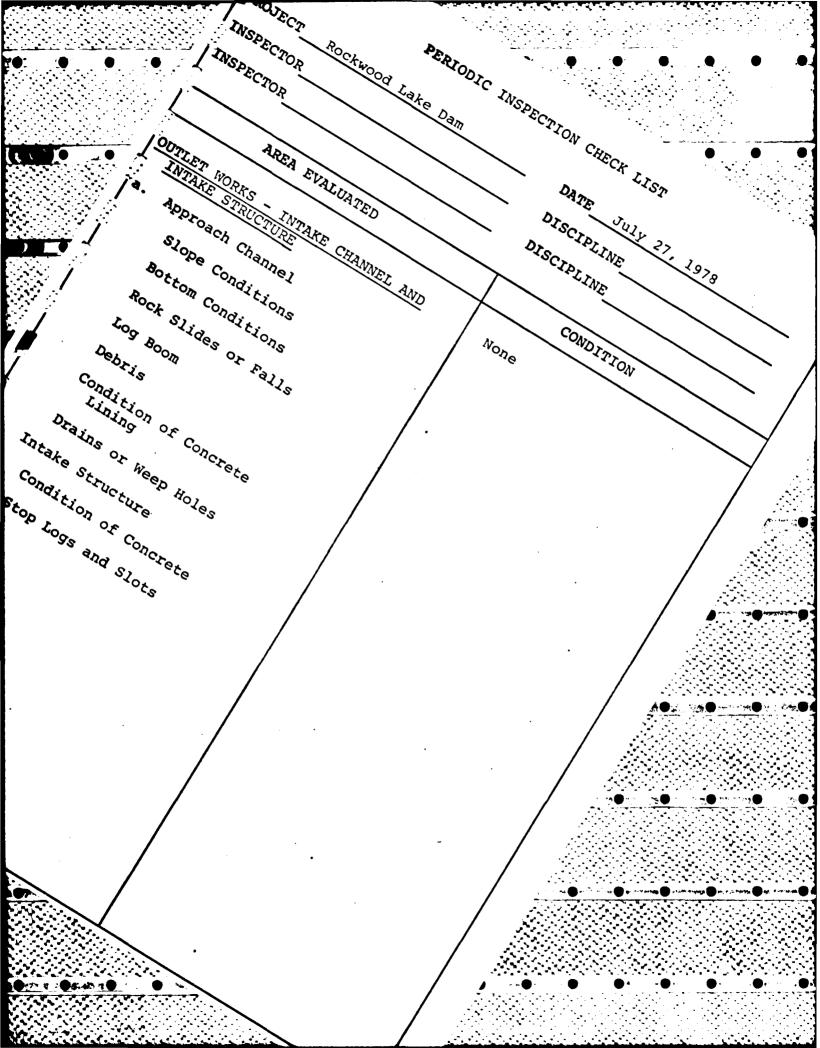
12) The owner should implement a program of continued periodic inspections on an annual basis.



VISUAL INSPECTION - CHECK LIST

	ROJECT Rockwood Lake Dam	DATE July 27, 1978
	NSPECTOR Richard F. Murdock	DISCIPLINE Geotechnical
	INSPECTOR Robert C. Smith	DISCIPLINE Project Manager
	AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
	DAM EMBANKMENT	
	Crest Elevation	329 - 330
	Current Pool Elevation	325.4
	Maximum Impoundment to Date	
	Surface Cracks	None
	Pavement Condition	Erosion path across top of dam due to traffic.
}	Movement or Settlement of Crest	None
	Lateral Movement	None
	Vertical Alignment	Good
	Horizontal Alignment	Good
	Condition at Abutment and at Concrete Structures	Erosion next to spillway
	Indications of Movement of Structural Items on Slopes	None
الم ا د	Trespassing on Slopes	Animal holes existing on down- stream slope.
	Sloughing or Erosion of Slopes or Abutments	Sta. 4+25, water seeping out of slopes 239 ft. down from crest
1、三十二三十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十二十	Rock Slope Protection - Riprap Failures	Riprap in poor condition along the entire upstream face.
	Unusual Movement or Cracking at or near Toes	None
	Unusual Embankment or Down- stream Seepage	Apparent seepage along most of downstream toe.
1		

E-toject	Rockwood Lake Dam	DATE	July 27, 1978
SPECTOR	Richard F. Murdock	DISCIPLINE	Geotechnical
INSPECTOR	Robert C. Smith	DISCIPLINE	Project Manager
	AREA EVALUATED	CON	DITION
DAM EMBA	ANKMENT - (continued)		
Piping o	or Boils	None	
Foundati	ion Drainage Features ins	None	
Toe Dra	ins	None	
Instrume	entation System	None	



PROJECT Rockwood Lake Dam	DATE
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
	·
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - CONTROL TOWER	·
a. Concrete and Structural	None
General Condition	
Condition of Joints	
Spalling	
Visible Reinforcing	
Rusting or Staining of Concrete	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Joint Alignment	
Unusual Seepage or Leaks in Gate Chamber	
Cracks	
Rusting or Corrosion of Steel	···
b. Mechanical and Electrical	
Air Vents	·
Ploat Wells	-
Crane Hoist	·
Elevator	
Hydra ulic System	
	·

NSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE		
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE		
A DOS - DIVA E IVA MED	CONDITATION		
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION		
(continued)	·		
Service Gates			
. Emergency Gates			
Lightning Protection System			
Emergency Power System			
Wiring and Lighting System In Gate Chamber			
		<i>,</i>	
	·		
		·	
·			

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Rockwood Lake Dam INSPECTOR INSPECTOR	DATE July 27, 1978 DISCIPLINE DISCIPLINE
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	
General Condition of Concrete	None
Rust or Staining on Concrete	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Cracking	
Alignment of Monoliths Alignment of Joints	·
Numbering of Monoliths	
	·
٠. ١. ٢.	
ž.	

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

%. 5•	
PROJECT Rockwood Lake Dam	DATE July 27, 1978
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
INSPECTOR	DISCIPLINE
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - OUTLET STRUCTURE AND OUTLET CHANNEL	
General Condition of Concrete	None
Rust or Staining	
Spalling	
Erosion or Cavitation	
Visible Reinforcing	·
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	
Condition at Joints	
Drain Holes	
Channel	
Loose Rock or Trees Over- hanging Channel	
Condition or Discharge Channel	
	·

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECK LIST

PROJECT Rockwood Lake Dam	DATE July 27, 1978
INSPECTOR James MacBroom	Hydraulics/ DISCIPLINE Hydrology
INSPECTOR Richard Murdock	DISCIPLINE Geotechnical
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITION
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	
General Condition	Reservoir
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	
Trees Overhanging Channel	
Floor of Approach Channel	
b. Weir and Training Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Good, some surface spalling. Stone masonry walls in poor
Rust or Staining	condition.
Spalling	
Any Visible Reinforcing	
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None
Drain Holes	None
l c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Not defined.
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	
Channel Trees Overhanging Channel	Heavy brush, trees.
Floor of Channel	Short riprap section in excel- lent condition. Remainder in
Other Obstructions	poor condition. Remainder in

APPENDIX B

ENGINEERING DATA

Available From U.S.G.S. REMARKS None Exist REGIONAL VICINITY MAP AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

NAME OF DAM Rockwood Lake

Ę

CT 00046 I.D. NO.

DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION ENGINEERING DATA

PHASE I

CHECK LIST

CONSTRUCTION HISTORY

TYPICAL SECTIONS OF DAM

From Field Measurements

Unknown

From Field Measurements

From Field Measurements

- Plan OUTLETS

- Details

- Constraints

RAINFALL/RESERVOIR RECORDS

- Discharge Ratings

Unavailable

Unknown

From Connecticut-American Waterworks Co.

None

None

None None None None

HYDROLOGY & HYDRAULICS

SEEPAGE STUDIES

DAM STABILITY

DESIGN COMPUTATIONS

GEOLOGY REPORTS

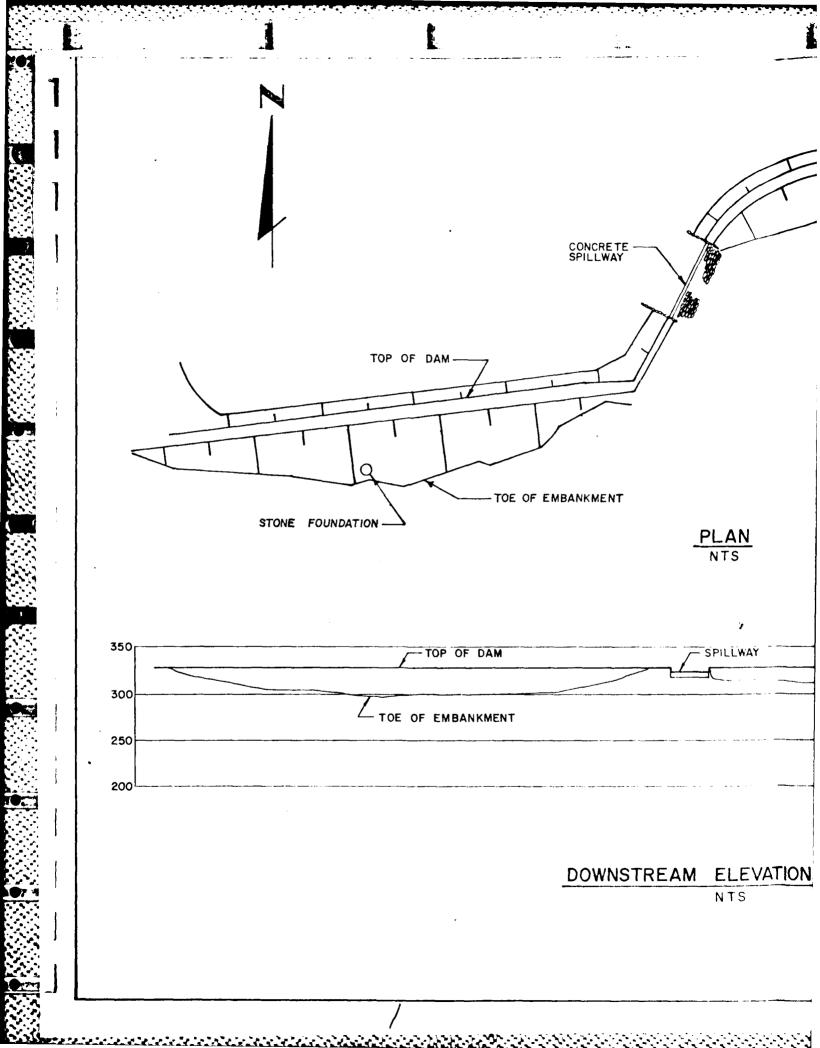
DESIGN REPORTS

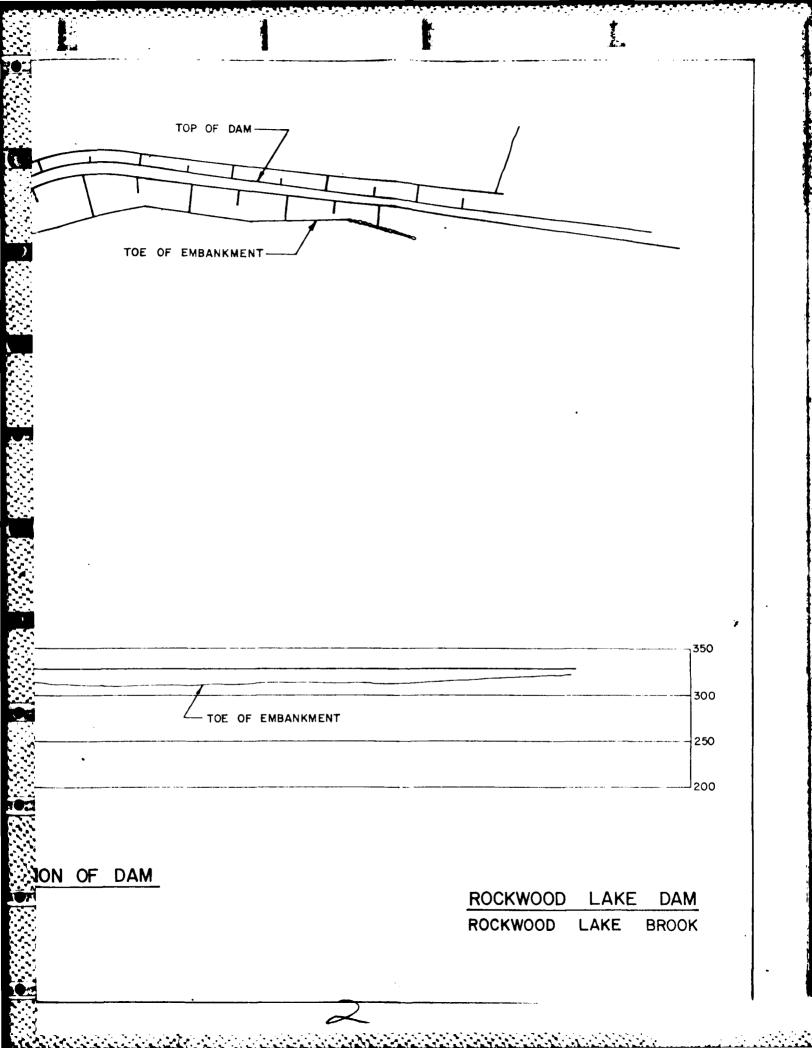
MATERIALS INVESTIGATIONS BORINGS RECORDS LABORATORY FIELD

None None None

None

NAME OF DAM Rockwood Lake CT 00046 I.D. NO. From Connecticut-American Waterworks Co. From Connecticut-American Waterworks Co. DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION From Field Measurements From Field Measurements ENGINEERING DATA CHECK LIST PHASE I REMARKS Informal None None None None None None None PRIOR ACCIDENTS OR FAILURE OF DAM POST-CONSTRUCTION SURVEYS OF DAM POST-CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING STUDIES AND REPORTS MAINTENANCE OPERATION RECORDS OPERATING EQUIPMENT MONITORING SYSTEMS HIGH POOL RECORDS PLANS & DETAILS BORROW SOURCES MODIFICATIONS SPILLWAY PLAN DESCRIPTION REPORTS SECTIONS DETAILS





APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS

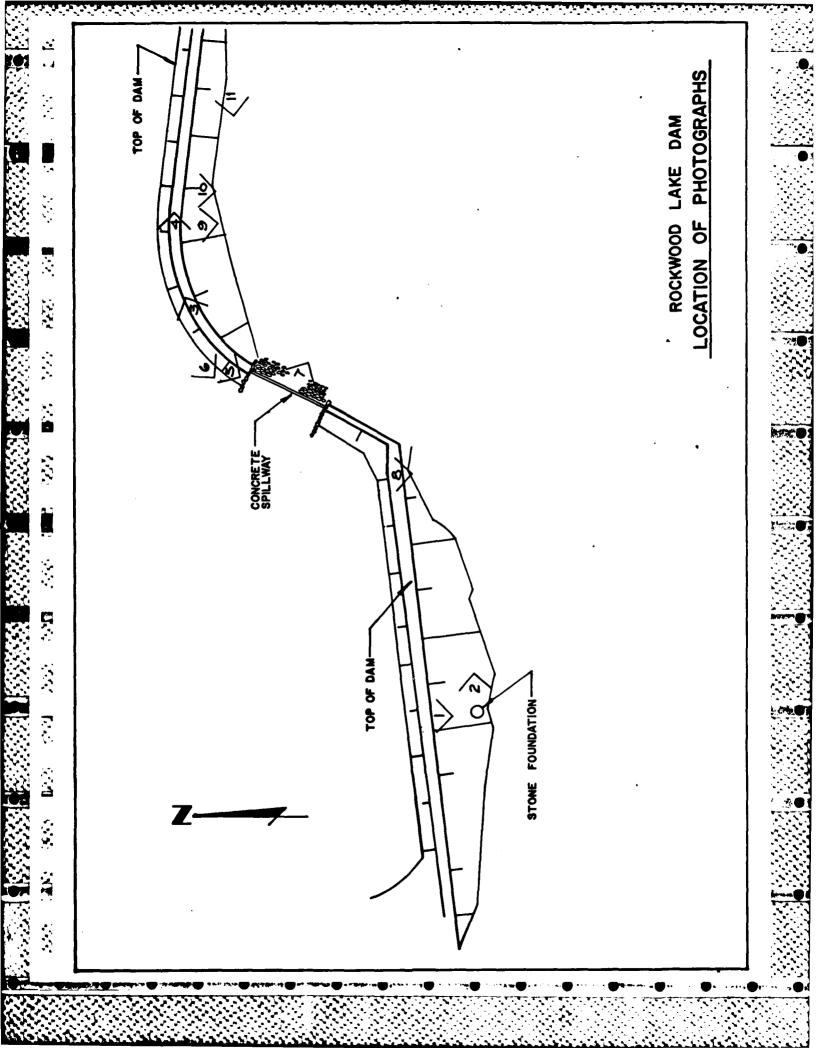




PHOTO #1: The remains of the gate house.



PHOTO #2: Looking east along the embankment, from Station 3+00.



PHOTO #3: Looking east along the embankment, from Station 7+50.



PHOTO #4: Looking east along the embankment, from Station 10+00.



PHOTO #5: View of the spillway, looking west.



PHOTO #6: Upstream face of the embankment.

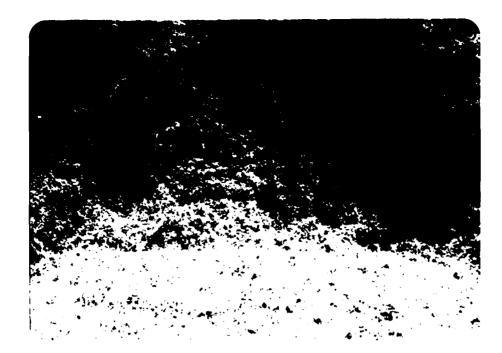


PHOTO #7: Area directly downstream of the spillway. Note lack of a defined spillway discharge channel, and heavy vegetation.



PHOTO #8: View of seep area near toe of slope at Station 4+20.



PHOTO #9: Seepage from toe of embankment.

Ų.

RECERTATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF

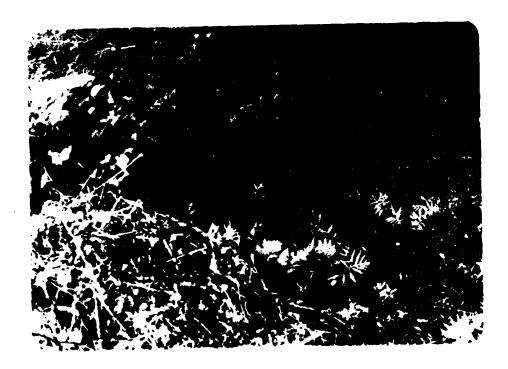


PHOTO #10: Seepage from toe of embankment.

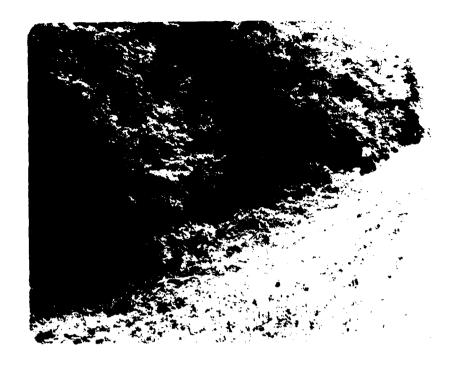
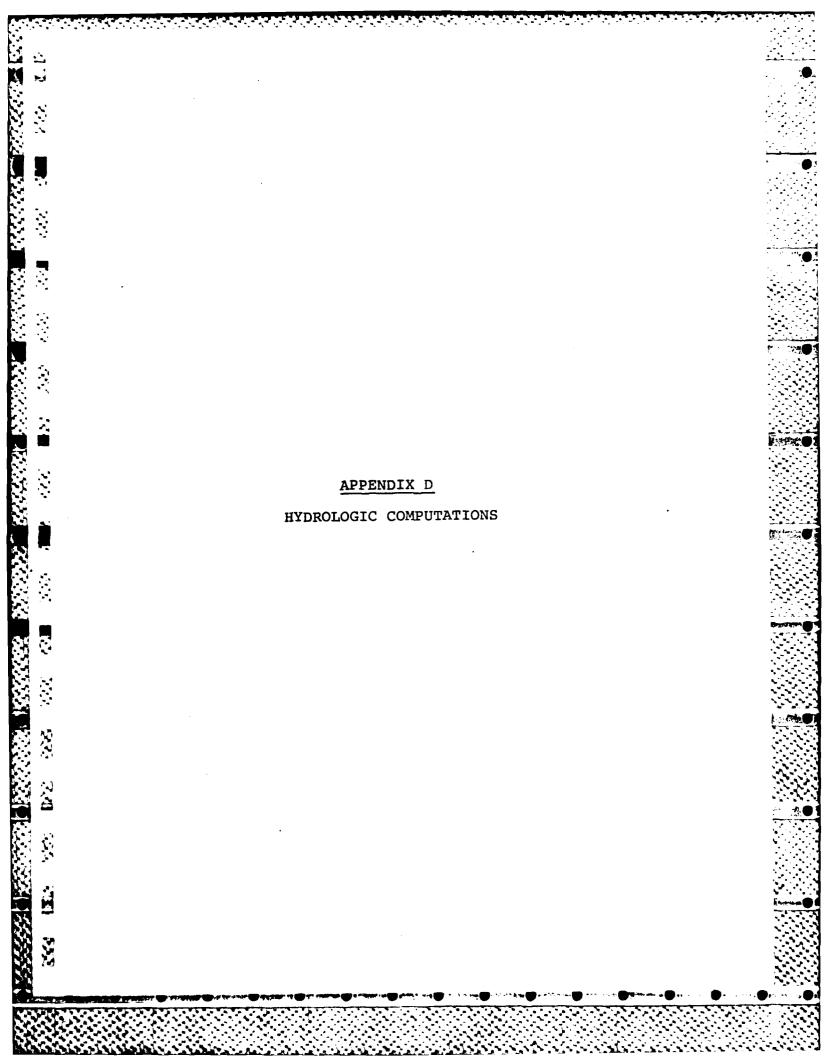
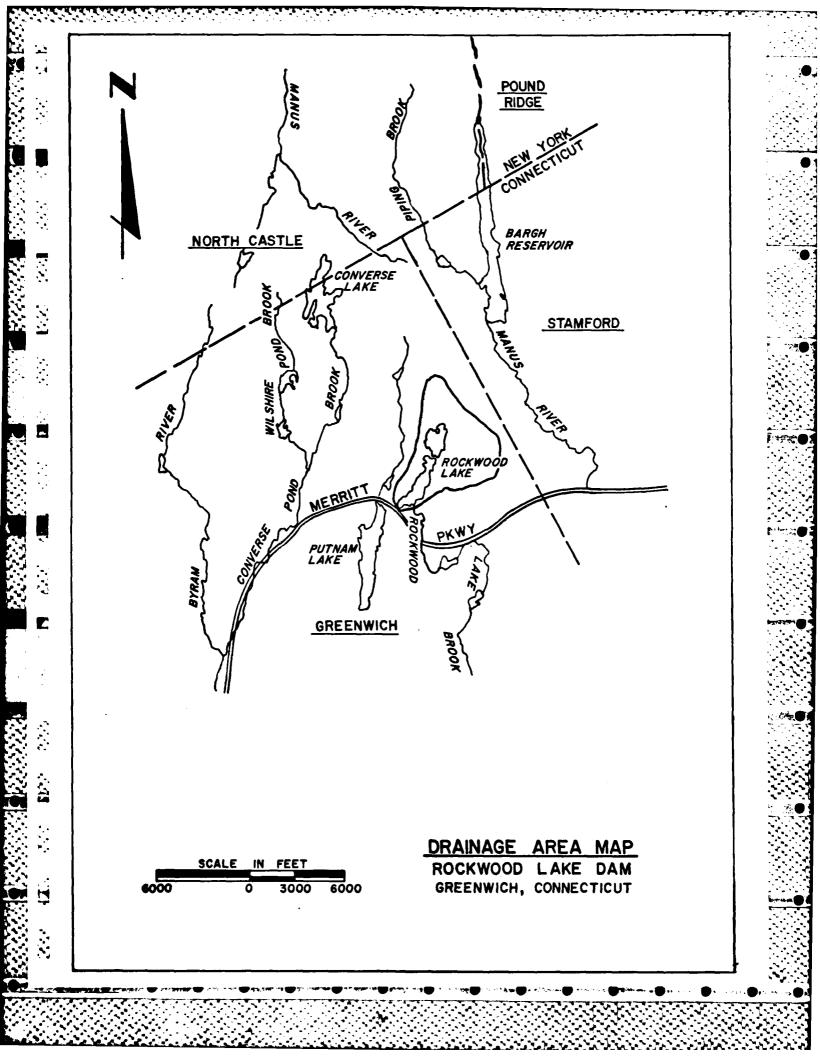


PHOTO #11: View along toe of slope, looking west.







ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS BY 56M

ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA, NEW HAVEN, CONN. 06510/203/789-1260 CHK'D, BY ATE 8/23/30

TEST FLOOD FLOW ESTIMATE

TEST FLOOD IS 1/2 P.M.F. WATERSHED IS 0.8 SQ. MILES

METHOD =1

REFER TO DESIGN OF SMALL DAMS" BY BUREAU OF RECLAMATION , WASH. D.C., 1973

G HR DURATION P.M.P. IS 25 INCHES (FIG. 15) AREA - DEPTH REDUCTION IS 20% (PP 48) EFFECTIVE RAIN = 20 INCHES

CN & 70 ASSUMED RUNNOFF = 16.5 INCHES (FIG. A-4)

AVE T = 0.33 HR. Tp = = +0.6 Tc = = +0.6(0.33) = 3.2 HR $a_p = \frac{484 (A)(R)}{70} = \frac{484(0.5)(16.5)}{3.2} = 1996 \text{ CFS}$

SAY PMF = 2,000 CFS

METHOD #2

REFER TO CONN. WATER RESOURCES BULLETIN #17 , BY USGS.

BY INTERPOLATION, MAF & 50 CFS Q100 = 5 * MAF = 5 * 50 = 250 CFS P.M.F = 5 x MAF = 1250 CFS

SAY PMF = 1200 CFS

FOR SPILLWAY TEST FLOOD, USE 1600 CFS



ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN CONSULTANTS

ONE COLUMBUS PLAZA, NEW HAVEN, CONN. 06510/203/789-1260

FORMATION OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH

- 1) TEST FLOOD = 1600 CFS
- 2) FORM A TRIANGULAR HYDROGRAPH WITH A 24 HOUR DURATION, PEAK AT 8 HOURS

TIME	UNIT FLOW	FLOW RATE
HOURS	RATE	<u>CFS</u>
0	0	0
2	0.25	400
4	0.50	800
6	0.75	1200
8	1.00	1600
10	0.875	1400
12	0.75	1200
16	0.50	800
20	0.25	400
24	C	\circ

		Section of the sectio		and constant of the physics	elaisis.	Grada	and a fin		بمناعات		فدعتمت		
			-1	B,									
			3					· · · · · ·					•
			T	44444444				+					
3		20	힐	のて 4 まて ア の ら ら 後 ス									. 🖳
			2	0040000000000	•								
			STORAGE	- 000000000000000000000000000000000000			·						
-+-			လ	ี สถุดตุดถูก	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :							::.	
. — — —			·				• •						
										- • •		, .	
7		•	3										9 (
		00	23										
			O)	のア4エアアのSSOO ―									
		őő	TORA	00440000000000									
	78		읾	900000000000000000000000000000000000000									
		.	တ	4000000									
	/19	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- · 	+		·						
	6	ELEVATION	3	Pa									
			0	0000000000000									
		•	14	*********			!					1:::	
		·	H	07804840870				1					
			5										
			တ	0864244680									4
		***	MAS	4400W4W				1			l :	4	7
			-21										
		10		លលលលលលលលលល									
	GM	∞	LOW	**************************************	• • • • •		•						
	<u> </u>		اعتا	48400484 660048488 8158			,						[
			OUT	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~				ļ			··		
	l	HH	01	- HAHA									7
		22 MM						1					
			~	ныныныныны.	•								
		00 70 00	Ⅱ								<u> </u>		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	¥.	000000000	· · · · · ·			ļ			• • • •		
		THE THE	- 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				1					
		ZZI	대				• •				!		ः ः•ा€्र्व
**************************************		- BES	_{ <u>[</u>]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	1			÷	1	
	_,							1					
		37	긔	444444444444444444444444444444444444444								• • •	
	Z	. ∧ 3	ы	00000000000000000000000000000000000000									
	H	• 121	~	~~~@@@@@~								1	1
	OUT	60	ATE	unununununu.							<u> </u>		Salaring Contract
	8		3										
	•	0		The second secon		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1					
	6	NA.	MO									1	3
	ro	HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI HI H	의						,			1	
	<u> </u>	ZHH I	NFL	7761957777			• • • • •	1	····				
		H PL PL 《	Z	00250873077	• • • •			ļ			<u> </u>	1	e composite
		. 전투함 - 전투함	တ	000VB0H0000							ļ ·		
		000 000 000	MAS	いちちゅんちょう			• • • •	1	• • • • • • •		 		-:
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	: 	M w	되					1				L .	
	0	SE S					• • • • • •	}			<u></u>	1::	1000
	7	AAR RRE	8					1	†				
	9	CHEC	핅	00000000000					•			1	
		0000	INFL	000000000				1	+	 		1: .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	78	NIIO O	HI	48004084			,	1					
					· •			1				1	
	t		, . a				 	1	<u> </u>			1:::	
	72		OUR	0000000000								.	1
	X .	- KHNH-	읾	04468046040	• • • • • •		+ • • • •	1	1	1 1		 	
3	.	. E		HANNA			<u> </u>	1	j		1 1 :	1::.	্ ক
	8	DHH.									 	1	
	9	ZZN	• • •				ļ · · · · ·	1	1			1	
	<u> </u>	PAKE					11:::	1: -1:	1::==	1	†	1	
	0	FOOM.					+ +	1	+	 +	1	<u> </u>	
		H 50 60	, <u></u>	and and an anti-section of the control of the contr	- 	T				1			
		THE THE TOTAL STATE OF THE TANK THE TA		re i i i vere de la comercia del la comercia de la comercia del la comercia de la comercia del la comercia de la comercia del la comerci	•	· •		•	•		· ey ·) T. 71	→ *

APPENDIX E

INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN

THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

INVENTORY OF DAMS IN THE UNITED STATES

										SCS A VER/DATE	N 23AUG78																			
[:	×*	9]			[=	00		X PX <th>z</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>••</th> <th>NAVIGATION LOCKS NOTEBOTH WILD THE ENGINE WILD THE WILD T</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>r</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	z				••	NAVIGATION LOCKS NOTEBOTH WILD THE ENGINE WILD THE WILD T					r			-						
•	DAY MO YR	9435BO)	•	POPULATION	00109		FED	Z	ſ		Τ	(e)	LOCKS						40.7			!	1		<u></u>	<u>-</u>	
€	LUNGITUDE (WEST)	1351,08				•	FROM DAM	'n		NEO 1510	Z				•	NAVIGATION LOCKS		•	CTION BY		(3)		MAJIN ENA		MSPECTION					
•	WORTH)	4105.8	③	NAME OF IMPOUNDMENT						-					••	NATHATIO			CONSTRUCTION BY				NON	-	AUTHORITY FOR INSPECTION			i		
				NAME OF I	WOOD LAKE	•	NEAREST DOWNSTREAM CITY - TOWN - VILLAGE	ICH	•	WAXIMUM ACREA	7				(a) (a)	60		T			*	٦l.	NOVE				PL 92-367			
0	NAME	DAM			ROCKWOOD			GHEENAICH	1 1	STRUC HYPRAU	36 34		REMARKS		•	POWER CAPACITY		(3)	ENGINEERING BY			REGULATORY AGENCY		- 5	INSPECTION DATE	MA AND AND	2770178	(g)	REMARKS	
		DOD LAKE						¥							•	VOLUME OF DAM (CY)					•	æ	CONSTRUCTION							
0	3 ±	MOCK #000	(R NAME		9	AIVER OR STREAM	KE BROOK	•	PURPOSES	တ		<u> </u>		•	MAXIMUM DISCHARGE	1310			KACKKS			NON		¥ 8 ⊀		S S C C , P C		! !	
Θ	TE, COUNTY DAST.			POPULAR NAM			RIVE	HOCKAUDD LAKE	(8)	YEAR	1895			COME	•	Y WIDTH DR	0.80	•	OWNER	AN MATERIOR			2	4	INSPECTION BY		AVAKA, ASSUC			
0 0 0	DIVISION STATE COURTY DASK STORE	CT 001 04				(e)	-	01 07 HOCK	(E)	TYPE OF DAM	CTHEPU			21 CONCHETE	(DIS SPILLWAY			•	CUNNAMERICAN	•		NO SESSIGN				FLANEHIY SI			
()	STATE DENTITY DIVISION	CT 46 NED	1			•													٠											

8

AND MARKET